Frequently Asked Questions on Taxation - PGInvIT

Compilation of Frequently Asked Questions ('FAQs') on the Income-tax treatment on distribution of income by POWERGRID Infrastructure Investment Trust ('PGInvIT') in the hands of the Unitholders under the Income-tax Act, 1961 ('the Act') read with the Income- tax Rules, 1962 ('the Rules') [collectively hereinafter referred to as 'Indian income-tax law']

Applicable for Financial Year ('FY') 2025-26 (Assessment Year ('AY') 2026-27)¹

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BY READING THESE FAQS THE RECIPIENT ACKNOWLEDGES THAT THE RECIPIENT WILL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR ITS OWN ASSESSMENT OF TAX POSITION OF THE UNITS HELD IN PGINVIT. THESE FAQS MAY NOT BE ALL INCLUSIVE AND MAY NOT CONTAIN ALL OF THE INFORMATION THAT THE RECIPIENT CONSIDERS MATERIAL. THIS DOCUMENT IS TO BE READ ALONG WITH ALL DISCLAIMERS FORMING PART OF THE DOCUMENT.

S. No.	Queries	Response
1	What will be the nature of distributions made	Distributions to the Unitholders of PGInvIT can be characterized as follows:
	by PGInvIT?	(i) dividend (taxable and/or exempt), or
		(ii) interest, or
		(iii) treasury income or any other income (such as interest on fixed deposits, mutual funds, capital gains, , etc); or
		(iv) specified sum (refer Note 1 and Note 2 below)
		(v) a combination of any of the above receipts
		Note 1: Computation of "specified sum" shall be the result of 'A-B-C' where:
		$\frac{1}{A'}$ = Cumulative distribution made by trust till date excluding the amount distributed in the nature of dividend,
		interest or rental income or any amount taxed/taxable in the hands of PGInvIT
		'B' = Issue price of such units
		'C' = Amount charged to tax under this provision in earlier years
		Specified sum shall be deemed to be zero if 'A-B-C' results in negative value.
		Note 2: Distributions by PGInvIT in the nature of Repayment of SPV debt can be considered as specified sum for
		the purpose of section 56(2)(xii) of the Act

¹ As amended vide Finance Act, 2025

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S. No.	Queries	Response				
		In accordance with the provisions of Section 115UA of the Act, any distribution made to the Unitholder by PGInvIT shall be deemed to be of the same nature and in the same proportion in the hands of the Unitholder, as it had been received by or accrued to PGInvIT.				
2	What are the different types of incomes which					
	will be earned by PGInvIT and its taxability	Nature of Income	Taxability in hands of PGInvIT			
	in the hands of PGInvIT?	Interest income earned by PGInvIT from underlying Special Purpose Vehicle ('SPVs')	Exempt			
		Dividend income earned by PGInvIT from underlying SPVs, where SPVs have not opted for the tax regime under section 115BAA of the Act	Exempt			
		Dividend income earned by PGInvIT from underlying SPVs, where SPVs <u>have opted</u> for the tax regime under section 115BAA of the Act	Exempt			
		Amount received by PGInvIT pursuant to shares bought back by the underlying SPVs *	Exempt			
		Any other income earned by PGInvIT, i.e., Treasury Income (such as interest on fixed deposits, mutual funds, capital gains etc.)	Taxable at MMR			
		* It must be noted that with effect from 1 October 2024, proceeds from be the hands of shareholders under newly inserted clause (f) of sub-section amended by Finance (No. 2) Act, 2024).	(22) under section 2 of the Act (as			
cess on income-tax, if any		cess on income-tax, if any) applicable in relation to the highest slab of in association of persons or, as the case may be, body of individuals as spec	eximum Marginal Rate has been defined as the rate of income-tax (including surcharge and if any) applicable in relation to the highest slab of income in the case of an individual, as or, as the case may be, body of individuals as specified in the Finance Act of the relevant			
		<u>Note 2</u> : Amount of loan repaid by SPV to PGInvIT (Repayment of SPV hands of PGInvIT and accordingly, is not chargeable to tax in the hands of PGInvIT and accordingly, is not chargeable to tax in the hands of PGInvIT and accordingly.				

S. No.	Queries	Response				
3	What is the difference between exempt dividend and taxable dividend, as may be received by the Unitholders from PGInvIT?	Section 115BAA of the Act provides an option for companies incorreduced corporate tax rate of 22% (plus applicable surcharge and coplus applicable surcharge and cess).	rporated in India to avail the benefit of a ess) as against the existing rates of 25% or 30%			
		Taxability of dividend (including the amount received from PGInvIT pursuant to shares bought-back by the underlying SPVs) in hands of the Unitholders is dependent on, if the underlying SPV, from which PGInvIT has received dividends, has opted for the tax regime under Section 115BAA of the Act. Accordingly, dividend distributions made by PGInvIT can be split into two categories: (i) exempt dividend (ii) taxable dividend.				
		(i) Exempt dividend: Where the dividend has been received by PGInvIT from the underlying SPVs (which has not opted for the tax regime under section 115BAA of the Act) and distributed to the Unitholders by PGInvIT, then such dividend received by the Unitholders from PGInvIT is exempt from tax. Further, no withholding tax ('WHT') shall be deducted by PGInvIT in such a case.				
		(ii) <u>Taxable dividend:</u> Where the dividend has been received by PGInvIT from the underlying SPV (which has opted for the tax regime under section 115BAA of the Act) and distributed to the Unitholders by PGInvIT then such dividend received by the Unitholders shall be taxable in hands of the Unitholders. Consequently PGInvIT will be required to withhold taxes in accordance with the applicable law. Please note that some of the underlying SPVs of PGInvIT have decided to opt for the tax regime under section 115BAA of the Act. Accordingly, depending on the SPV from which PGInvIT receives dividend, furth distribution of such dividend to Unitholders will be exempt/ taxable, in the hands of unitholders				
4	What is the taxability of different streams of income distributed by PGInvIT in the hands of the following Unitholders?	Taxability of different streams of income in the hands of the Unitho	olders have been provided below:			
	(a) In case of Resident Unitholders					
		Nature of Income	Taxability in the hands of Resident Unitholders			
		Distribution of interest income earned by PGInvIT from underlying SPVs Taxable at applicable rates				
		Distribution of dividend* income earned by PGInvIT from underlying SPVs, where SPVs have <u>not opted</u> for the tax regime under section 115BAA of the Act				
		Distribution of dividend* income earned by PGInvIT from underlying SPVs, where the SPVs have opted for the tax regime under section 115BAA of the Act				

S. No.	Queries	Response	
		Distribution of any other income earned by PGInvIT, and which is taxable in the hands of PGInvIT, i.e., Treasury Income (such as interest on fixed deposits, mutual funds, capital gains etc.)	Exempt
		Distribution of specified sum, to the extent chargeable to tax u/s 56(2)(xii) of the Act, by PGInvIT which is not covered above	Taxable at applicable rates
		Distribution of specified sum, to the extent not chargeable to tax u/s 56(2)(xii) of the Act, by PGInvIT which is not covered above	To be reduced from cost of acquisition of units for the purpose of computation of capital gains
		(refer Note 1 and Note 2 below) *including the amount received from PGInvIT pursuant to shares b	pought-back by the underlying SPVs
(b) I	n case of Non- resident Unitholders	Note 1: Computation of "specified sum" shall be the result of 'A-B 'A' = Cumulative distribution made by trust till date excluding the interest or rental income or any amount taxed/taxable in the hands 'B' = Issue price of such units 'C' = Amount charged to tax under this provision in earlier years Specified sum shall be deemed to be zero if 'A-B-C' results in nega Note 2: Distributions by PGInvIT in the nature of Repayment of SP the purpose of section 56(2)(xii) of the Act	amount distributed in the nature of dividend, of PGInvIT
	in case of from Testacine Cincilotacis	Nature of Income	Taxability in the hands of Non- resident Unitholders
		Distribution of interest income earned by PGInvIT from underlying SPVs	Taxable at concessional rate of 5% (plus applicable surcharge and cess)
		Distribution of dividend* income earned by PGInvIT from underlying SPVs, where SPVs <u>have not opted</u> for the tax regime under section 115BAA of the Act	Exempt
		Distribution of dividend* income earned by PGInvIT from underlying SPVs, where the SPVs <u>have opted</u> for the tax regime under section 115BAA of the Act	Taxable at 20% (plus applicable surcharge and cess)
		Distribution of any other income earned by PGInvIT, and which is taxable in the hands of PGInvIT, i.e., Treasury Income (such as interest on fixed deposits, mutual funds, capital gains etc.)	Exempt

S. No.	Queries	Response			
		Distribution of specified sum, to the extent chargeable to tax u/s 56(2)(xii) of the Act, by PGInvIT which is not covered above	Taxable at applicable rates		
		Distribution of specified sum, to the extent not chargeable to tax u/s 56(2)(xii) of the Act, by PGInvIT which is not covered above	To be reduced from cost of acquisition of units for the purpose of computation of capital gains		
		(refer Note 3 and Note 4 below)			
		*including the amount received from PGInvIT pursuant to shares bought-back by the underlying SPVs			
		Note 1: For applicable surcharge rates and cess, please refer Ques	rtion 20.		
		Note 2: Please note that the aforementioned rates are as per the prindependently evaluate any impact under the relevant Double Tax a consultation with their tax advisors.			
		Note 3: Computation of "specified sum" shall be the result of 'A-B-C' where: 'A' = Cumulative distribution made by trust till date excluding the amount distributed in the nature of interest or rental income or any amount taxed/taxable in the hands of PGInvIT 'B' = Issue price of such units 'C' = Amount charged to tax under this provision in earlier years			
		Specified sum shall be deemed to be zero if 'A-B-C' results in nega	tive value.		
		Note 4: Distributions by PGInvIT in the nature of Repayment of SF the purpose of section 56(2)(xii) of the Act	• • •		
5	What is the withholding obligation on distribution of different streams of income by	As per the provisions of Section 194LBA of the Act, dividend and underlying SPVs and distributed to the Unitholders shall be subject			
	PGInvIT for the following Unitholders:	Please note that reliance will be made on the BENPOS report and declaration/ documents obtained from the Unitholders, with respect to details of residential status of the Unitholders (i.e., resident or non-resident) and category of Unitholders (i.e., individual, body corporate, firm, trust, etc.), Annual Income, and Tax Regime of			
		WHT rates on distribution of different streams of income, by PGInvIT, has been provided below:			
	(a) In case of Resident Unitholders				
		Nature of Income	WHT rate		
		Distribution of interest income earned by PGInvIT from underlying SPVs	10%		

S. No.	Queries	Response			
		Distribution of dividend** income earned by PGInvIT from underlying SPVs, where SPVs have not opted for the tax regime under section 115BAA of the Act	NIL		
		Distribution of dividend** income earned by PGInvIT from underlying SPVs, where the SPVs <u>have opted</u> for the tax regime under section 115BAA of the Act	10%		
		Distribution of any other income earned by PGInvIT, and which is taxable in the hands of PGInvIT, i.e., Treasury Income (such as interest on fixed deposits mutual funds, capital gains etc.)	No withholding obligation on PGInvIT		
		Distribution of specified sum* (as referred in Question 1 above) by PGInvIT which is not covered above	No withholding obligation on PGInvIT		
	(b) In case of Non- resident Unitholders	*Distributions by PGInvIT in the nature of Repayment of SPV debt purpose of section 56(2)(xii) of the Act **including the amount received from PGInvIT pursuant to shares			
	(b) In case of two-resident continuers	Nature of Income	WHT rate		
		Distribution of interest income earned by PGInvIT from underlying SPVs	5% (plus applicable surcharge and cess)		
		Distribution of dividend** income earned by PGInvIT from underlying SPVs, where SPVs <u>have not opted</u> for the tax regime under section 115BAA of the Act	Nil		
		Distribution of dividend** income earned by PGInvIT from underlying SPVs, where the SPVs <u>have opted</u> for the tax regime under section 115BAA of the Act	10% (plus applicable surcharge and cess)		
		Distribution of any other income earned by PGInvIT, and which is taxable in the hands of PGInvIT, i.e., Treasury Income (such as interest on fixed deposits mutual funds, capital gains etc.)	No withholding obligation on PGInvIT		
		Distribution of specified sum* (as referred in Question 1 above) by PGInvIT which is not covered above	Tax rates as may be applicable (inclusive of applicable surcharge and cess)		
ı		*Distributions by PGInvIT in the nature of Repayment of SPV debt purpose of section 56(2)(xii) of the Act **including the amount received from PGInvIT pursuant to shares			
		Note 1: In a ruling in case of PILCOM vs. C.I.T. West Bengal-VII (Supreme Court ('SC') has endorsed payer's liability to <u>deduct tax valued</u> Act without reference to <u>DTAA</u> benefit. SC has held that the obligate provisions of the Act is not affected by the DTAA. However, the benefit payee and if found valid, the taxes withheld can be claimed as a ref	under special provisions provided under the tion to withhold taxes under the special sefit of the DTAA can be considered by the		

S. No.	Queries	Response
		please note that PGInvIT shall carry out the WHT obligations u/s 194LBA(2) of the Act in respect of distributions made to Non-resident Unitholders.
		Note 2: For applicable surcharge rates and cess, please refer Question 20.
6	Is there any exemption available for Alternate Investment Funds ('AIF') from withholding tax? If yes, what condition needs	Central Government vide Central Board of Direct Taxes ('CBDT') notification No.51/2015 dated 25th June 2015 has granted Tax deducted at Source ('TDS') exemption on all incomes other than business profits received by Category I and II AIFs.
	to be fulfilled to claim exemption?	PGInvIT shall not deduct taxes where the Unitholder provides requisite declarations along with eligible registration certificate/ notification as AIF Category I or II.
		Note 1: Please refer Appendix-2 for declarations.
7	Is there any exemption available for Mutual Funds from withholding tax? If yes, what condition needs to be fulfilled to claim exemption?	As per the provisions of Section 10(23D) of the Act, any income of a Mutual Fund registered under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act ('SEBI'), 1992, or a Mutual Fund set up by a public sector bank or a public financial institution, or a Mutual Fund authorized by the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI') is exempt from incometax, subject to such conditions as the Central Government may by notification in the Official Gazette specify in this behalf.
		Further, as per the provisions of section 196 of the Act, no deduction of tax shall be made on any sum payable to a Mutual Fund specified under clause (23D) of section 10.
		PGInvIT shall not deduct taxes where Unitholders provides requisite declarations along with eligible registration certificate from SEBI/RBI/ other relevant authority.
		Note 1: Please refer Appendix-2 for declarations.
8	Is there any exemption available for Corporation established by or under a	As per the provisions of 196 of the Act, any sum payable to any corporations established by or under a Central Act which is exempt from income-tax on its income, shall not be subject to withholding of taxes.
	Central Act from withholding tax? If yes, what condition needs to be fulfilled to claim exemption?	PGInvIT shall not deduct taxes where Unitholders provides requisite declarations along with eligible registration certificate from relevant authority.
		Note 1: Please refer Appendix-2 for declarations.
9	What will be the taxability in case of sale of units of PGInvIT?	Assuming that the units of PGInvIT are held by unit holder as a capital asset, gains/ (loss) on such sales shall be treated as capital gains/ (loss) and will be subject to the following tax rates depending on the period of holding:

S. No.	Queries				Response	
		Nature of Gains	Period of Holding	Relevant section in the Act	Tax Rates	
		Long term Capital Gains ('LTCG')	Units are held for more than 12 months	Section 112A	12.5% (plus applicable surcharge and cess) without indexation*	
		Short term Capital Gains ('STCG')	Units are held for upto 12 months	Section 111A	20% (plus applicable surcharge and cess) without indexation	
		*On the gain Note 1: Pleas advised to incadvisors.	se note that	the aforeme		he provisions of the Act. Unitholders are TAA in consultation with their tax
		exchange and Note 3: Pleas	d such trans se note that	sfer of units i any gain/ (le	is subject to payment of securities tr coss) in the hands of Unitholder, bein	ng domestic company, on transfer of units
		Note 4: Incas	se the units ers shall be	of PGInvIT o taxable as b	usiness income. The implications ur	ns under section 115JB of the Act. itholders, gains on sale of such units by ider MAT provisions will continue to
			of PGInvIT	shall be red	uced by cost of acquisition of such u	of PGInvIT, consideration received on inits and expenditure incurred wholly and
		u/s 56(2)(xii)	of the Act	and not cove		bution to the extent not chargeable to tax 5UA(2) of the Act, shall be reduced from

S. No.	Queries		Response		
		Investors are advised to consult their tax advisor for computation of capital gains including cost of acquisition of units as per Indian tax laws in each case.			
10	Will there be a requirement for Non- Resident Unitholder to file Income tax returns in India?	Investors are advised to consult their own consultants with respect to the specific tax implications/ compliances/ consequences in this regard.			
11	When will TDS certificate or WHT certificates be issued to the Unitholders? TDS Certificates in Form 16A shall be issued to the Unitholders on quarterly basis in accordation timelines prescribed under Indian income-tax laws. In this regard, please note the following:				
		Quarter in which distributions are made	Due date of filing of TDS return	Timeline for issue of TDS Certificates	
		April to June	On or before 31 July	On or before 15 August	
		July to September	On or before 31 October	On or before 15 November	
		October to December	On or before 31 January	On or before 15 February	
l		January to March	On or before 31 May	On or before 15 June	
12	How can Unitholders request for TDS	Please note that TDS certificates, wherever applicable, for the period can be downloaded fron provided on PGInvIT website - https://www.pginvit.in/ under "Investor Relations" Section. Please note that the TDS Certificates, wherever applicable, will be make available for downloaded from provided on PGInvIT website - https://www.pginvit.in/ under "Investor Relations" Section.			
	Certificate in case the same are not received/downloaded?	provided on PGInvIT website - 1	https://www.pginvit.in/ under "Investor R OS certificates, please send us a request on	elations" Section. In case of any	
13	By when will the Non-Resident Unitholder required to furnish the declaration for withholding of taxes	In case of categories of Unitholders, being Non-resident Indians (NRIs/NRNs), a declaration shall be require be provided in the format given at Appendix-2 . Generally, only one declaration needs to be filed for each financial year under consideration. In absence of the same, PGInvIT shall withhold taxes at maximum rates applicable under the Act.			
		The income declaration can be furnished within the timelines provided under communication letters as a circulated at the time of distributions announced by PGInvIT.			

S. No.	Queries	Response
14	If any short deduction is made by PGInvIT while making distributions to the Unitholders, will the same be adjusted?	PGInvIT retains the right to make adjustment for any shortfall in taxes deducted in earlier distributions and recover the differential TDS amount from the Unitholder along with appropriate interest (as applicable) and consequential penalties (as applicable). This can be done by way of adjustment from subsequent distributions.
15	If any excess deduction is made by PGInvIT while making distributions to the Unitholders, will the same be refunded?	Any excess deduction made by PGInvIT while distributing income to the Unitholders shall <u>not be refunded</u> . The Unitholder may file a return of income and claim a refund for the same.
16	What is the timeline for issue of Form 64B?	Form 64B for distribution made during financial year shall be provided by PGInvIT to the Unitholders by 30 June of the subsequent financial year.
17	Eligibility of Nil/ lower WHT certificate for claiming exemption from WHT on distribution made by PGInvIT?	PGInvIT may consider nil/ lower WHT certificate obtained in accordance with provisions of section 197 of the Act which are valid for distributions from 1 April 2025 to 31 March 2026, while determining WHT liability for distributions made by PGInvIT.
18	Eligibility of Form 15G/15H for claiming exemption from WHT on distribution made by PGInvIT?	Form 15G/15H provided to PGInvIT shall not be considered while determining WHT liability. As per section 197A read with Rule 29C, Form 15G and 15H declaration may be applicable when tax is deductible under section 194A (Interest other than interest on securities), 192A (premature withdrawal of provident fund), 193 (interest on securities), 194I (Rent), 194 (Dividend), 194DA (Payment in respect of life insurance policy), 194D (Insurance commission), 194EE (National saving scheme) and 194K (units of mutual funds, UTI)
		Distributions made by InvIT shall be subject to WHT under section 194LBA of the Act and since section 197A does not refer to tax deductible under section 194LBA, Form 15G and 15H declaration is not applicable/ does not cover exemption in respect of distributions made by InvIT.
19	Whether any threshold limit (minimum amount) of distribution is applicable for deduction of TDS / WHT in case of distribution of taxable dividend or interest?	Please note that in case of distribution of taxable dividend and interest, no threshold limit has been prescribed under section 194LBA of the Act for the purpose of TDS deduction / WHT.
20	What is the surcharge rate for different categories of Unitholders?	The applicable surcharge rates for different categories of Unitholders under different tax regimes, as may be applicable, for FY 2025-26, are provided in Appendix-1 . In absence of the declaration from Unitholders, PGInvIT shall consider highest rate of surcharge as may be applicable, for such class of unitholders.

S. No.	Queries	Response
21	Treatment of Unitholders without a Permanent Account Number/ 'PAN' (Section 206AA of the Act)	In accordance with Section 206AA of the Act, where a Unitholder does not furnish PAN, taxes shall be withheld on payment of income to the Unitholder (where chargeable to tax) at higher of the following: at the rate specified in the Act; or at the rate or rates in force; or at the rate of 20%
22	What will be the frequency of distributions by PGInvIT to Unitholders	Please note that PGInvIT has adopted a policy of quarterly distribution to the unitholders.
23	What will be the point of taxation of distribution of income by PGInvIT	PGInvIT has adopted a policy of quarterly distribution. Amount received from PGInvIT shall be taxable, wherever applicable, in the hands of Unitholder in the financial year in which such income is received by the Unitholder.
24	Why amount of TDS (wherever applicable) is being round-up at the time of distribution of income?	Please note that TDS Payment Challan (when PGInvIT is remitting the TDS deducted to the Income Tax Department) does not permit to deposit TDS amount in decimals. Therefore, it is required to deposit the TDS in round/ whole number. In case the amount of TDS is rounded off to nearest rupee, the same may result in lower deduction/ non-deduction of taxes and may also lead to penal consequences for PGInvIT. Further, at the time of preparation of quarterly TDS return forms, PGInvIT is required to specify the rate at which taxes have been withheld and rounding off to nearest rupee may result in rate which is less than the rates prescribed under section 194LBA/ 195/ or any other section of the Act and accordingly, amount of TDS is rounded up to next rupee. Also, the Registrar and Transfer Agent (RTA) i.e., KFIN Technologies Limited, which provides end-to-end transaction management services for making disbursements to the unitholders of PGInvIT, maintains a system wherein round up of TDS has to be done in order to arrive at the final amount to be paid to the unitholders. Basis the above, the amount of TDS is rounded up to the next rupee and unitholders may claim the credit of TDS amount while filing their return of income.
25	Can religious, charitable or any other specified institutions and funds which are required to invest their funds in accordance with section 11(5) of the Act invest in the units of PGInvIT?	Central Government vide Central Board of Direct Taxes ('CBDT') notification No. 103/2023 dated 18 December 2023 has amended the Rule 17C by including the units of PGInvIT within the permitted modes of investment, specified in section 11(5) read with Rule 17C of Income Tax Rules, 1962. Thereby, investment by such institutions and funds in the units of PGInvIT should be considered to be in compliance with section 11(5) of the Act.

Disclaimer:

1. The FAQs are intended only to provide general information to the investors and is neither designed nor intended to be substituted for professional tax advice. In view of the individual nature of tax consequences, each investor is advised to consult his/ her own tax advisor with respect to specific tax consequences which may arise.

- 2. No assurance is given that the revenue authorities/ courts will concur with the views expressed herein. Our views are based on the existing provisions of law and its interpretation, which are subject to changes from time to time. We do not assume responsibility to update the views consequent to such changes.
- 3. The above information is provided in a summary manner only and is not a complete analysis or listing of all potential tax consequences applicable in the hands of the Unitholders under the current tax laws presently in force in India. It is not exhaustive or comprehensive and is not intended to be a substitute for professional advice. Investors are advised to consult their own tax consultant with respect to the tax implications arising on account of any specific transaction/ receipt of income, particularly in view of the fact that certain recently enacted legislation may not have a direct legal precedent or may have a different interpretation impacting the benefits, which an investor can avail.
- 4. These FAQs do not form any part of an offer, invitation or recommendation to purchase/ subscribe for any securities. These FAQs should not form the basis of, or be relied upon, in connection with, any contract or investment decision in relation to any securities. For any further tax related query, an email can be sent to the following email address: tdsdocs@pginvit.in, powergrid.invit@kfintech.com

Appendix 1: Applicable surcharge rates

For Resident Unitholders

Class of Unitholders	Estimated taxable income slab applicable (in INR)	Surcharge rate
Old Regime	(i) If total income is upto INR 50 Lacs	Nil
Individuals, Hindu Undivided Family ('HUF'), Trusts,	(ii) If total income (including dividend income or capital gains chargeable under section 111A, section 112 or section 112A of the Act) is above INR 50 Lacs & upto INR 1 Crore	10%
Association of Persons ('AOP'), Body of Individuals	(iii) If total income (including dividend income or capital gains chargeable under section 111A, section 112 or section 112A of the Act) is above INR 1 Crore & upto INR 2 Crores	15%
('BOI')	(iv) If total income (excluding dividend income or capital gains chargeable under section 111A, section 112 or section 112A of the Act) is above INR 2 Crores & upto INR 5 Crores	25%
	(v) If total income (excluding dividend income or capital gains chargeable under section 111A, section 112 or section 112A of the Act) is above INR 5 Crores	37%
	(vi) If total income is above 2 Crores (including dividend income or capital gains chargeable under section 111A, section 112 or section 112A of the Act) but is not covered under (iv) and (v) above. Provided the applicable surcharge does not exceed 15% in case of dividend income or capital gains on specified securities included in such total income	15%
New Regime (as per section 115BAC of the Act)	(i) If total income is upto INR 50 Lacs	Nil
Individuals, HUF, Trusts, AOP, BOI	(ii) If total income (including dividend income or capital gains chargeable under section 111A, section 112 or section 112A of the Act) is above INR 50 Lacs & upto INR 1 Crore	10%
	(iii) If total income (including dividend income or capital gains chargeable under section 111A, section 112 or section 112A of the Act) is above INR 1 Crore & upto INR 2 Crores	15%

	(iv)	If total income (excluding dividend income or capital gains chargeable under section 111A, section 112 or section 112A of the Act) is above INR 2 Crores	25%
	(v)	If total income is above 2 Crores (including dividend income or capital gains chargeable under section 111A, section 112 or section 112A of the Act) but is not covered under (iv) above. Provided the applicable surcharge does not exceed 15% in case of dividend income or capital gains on specified securities included in such total income	15%
Firm (including LLPs)	(i)	If total income is upto 1 Crore	Nil
	(ii)	If total income is above 1 Crore	12%
Co-operative Society (not opted for the tax regime under Section 115BAD or 115BAE of the Act)	(i)	If total income is upto 1 Crore	Nil
	(ii)	If total income is above 1 Crore & upto 10 crores	7%
	(iii)	If total income is above 10 crores	12%
Co-operative Society (opted for the tax regime under Section 15BAD or 115BAE of the Act)	(i)	Applicable rate of surcharge irrespective of total income	10%
Companies (not opted for the tax regime under Section 115BAA or 115BAB of the Act)	(i)	If total income is upto 1 Crore	Nil
	(ii)	If total income is above 1 Crore & upto 10 crores	7%
	(iii)	If total income is above 10 crores	12%
Companies (opted for the tax regime under Section 115BAA or 115BAB of the Act)	(i)	Applicable rate of surcharge irrespective of total income	10%

For Non-resident Unitholders

Class of Unitholders	Estimated taxable income slab applicable (in INR)	Surcharge rate
Old Regime	(i) If total income is upto INR 50 Lacs	Nil
Individuals, HUF, Trusts, AOP, BOI	(ii) If total income (including dividend income or capital gains chargeable under section 111A, section 112 or section 112A of the Act) is above INR 50 Lacs & upto INR 1 Crore	10%
	(iii) If total income (including dividend income or capital gains chargeable under section 111A, section 112 or section 112A of the Act) is above INR 1 Crore & upto INR 2 Crores	15%

	(iv) If total income (excluding dividend income or capital gains chargeable under section 111A, section 112 or section 112A of the Act) is above INR 2 Crores & upto INR 5 Crores	25%
	(v) If total income (excluding dividend income or capital gains chargeable under section 111A, section 112 or section 112A of the Act) is above INR 5 Crores	37%
	(vi) If total income is above 2 Crores (including dividend income or capital gains chargeable under section 111A, section 112 or section 112A of the Act) but is not covered under (iv) and (v) above. Provided the applicable surcharge does not exceed 15% in case of dividend income or capital gains on specified securities included in such total income	15%
New Regime (as per section 115BAC of the Act) Individuals, HUF, Trusts, AOP, BOI	(i) If total income is upto INR 50 Lacs	Nil
	(ii) If total income (including dividend income or capital gains chargeable under section 111A, section 112 or section 112A of the Act) is above INR 50 Lacs & upto INR 1 Crore	10%
	(iii) If total income (including dividend income or capital gains chargeable under section 111A, section 112 or section 112A of the Act) is above INR 1 Crore & upto INR 2 Crores	15%
	(iv) If total income (excluding dividend income or capital gains chargeable under section 111A, section 112 or section 112A of the Act) is above INR 2 Crores	25%
	(v) If total income is above 2 Crores (including dividend income or capital gains chargeable under section 111A, section 112 or section 112A of the Act) but is not covered under (iv) above. Provided the applicable surcharge does not exceed 15% in case of dividend income or capital gains on specified securities included in such total income	15%
Firm (including LLPs)	(i) If total income is upto 1 Crore	Nil
	(ii) If total income is above 1 Crore	12%
Co-operative Society	(i) If total income is upto 1 Crore	Nil
	(ii) If total income is above 1 Crore & upto 10 crores	7%
	(iii) If total income is above 10 crores	12%
Companies	(iv) If total income is upto 1 Crore	Nil
	(v) If total income is above 1 Crore & upto 10 crores	2%
	(vi) If total income is above 10 crores	5%

<u>Appendix 2: Declarations</u>
Please visit https://www.pginvit.in/investor_service_resource.aspx for detailed communication letters and the declarations.